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# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845



No. 17,281. 號七月十年八十壹百九千壹英 HONGKONG, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1918. 午庚戌歲年七國民華中 PRICE \$3.60 Per Month

**NOTICE.**  
ANY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or INDIAN desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.  
Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons, with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE. Terms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and all Police Stations.  
The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.  
**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.**  
WHICH ARE THE STABLES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.  
**TOTAL FUNDS at 31st December, 1914.**  
223,970,387  
I—Authorized Capital \$5,000,000.  
Subscribed Capital \$2,437,500.  
Paid-up Capital \$2,437,500.  
II—Fire Funds..... 3,837,047  
III—Life & Annuity Funds..... 17,567,590  
Sinking Fund Account..... 128,230  
223,970,387  
Revenue Fire Branch..... 2,381,456  
Life and Annuity..... 2,141,663  
Branches..... 337,239  
Revenue Marine Department..... 478,941  
Other Receipts..... 23,328,228  
The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.**

**PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
**TIME TABLE.**  
**WEEK DAYS.**  
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
9.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
12.30 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
2.30 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
3.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
4.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
6.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
**NIGHT CARS.**  
8.30 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. 10 p.m. 11 p.m. 11.30 p.m. and 12.45 p.m.  
**SUNDAYS.**  
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12 noon Every 15 minutes.  
12 noon to 12.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
12.30 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
5.30 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
**NIGHT CARS** run on Week Days.  
**SATURDAYS EXTRA CARS.**  
1.30 p.m. and 12 midnight.  
**SPECIAL CARS** by arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Boulevard, Des Voeux Road Central.  
Season and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No season tickets will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Comptroller Order representing Bank Note.  
**JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers.**

**METEOR GARAGE**  
  
Sole distributors of  
**MAXWELL CARS.**  
Automobiles for Hire and for Sale at reasonable Prices.  
Phone 2500.  
65 Des Voeux Road Central.

**TANG YUK DESTINY** success of  
L. L. S. L. TING.  
H. D. D. S. L. TING.  
TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultation free.

**BUSINESS NOTICES.**  
**W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.**  
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.  
KOWLOON BAY.  
Steam and Motor Vessels,  
Steel Building Work of every Description.  
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.**  
JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.  
**HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.**  
Sailings—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.  
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.  
**SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.**  
**HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.**  
Sailings—S.S. "SUI AN" to Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.).  
S.S. "SUI TAI" to Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays excepted).  
S.S. "SUI AN" from Macao daily at 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).  
S.S. "SUI TAI" from Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. (Sundays excepted).  
Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Tros. Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

**JUST ARRIVED.**  
Special Consignment  
of  
**WATTLE BLOSSOM HONEY.**  
Superior in quality and flavour to any other honey in the market.  
Expressly prepared for table use.  
Sold only in 1 lb. bottles at 75 cents each.  
BY  
**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,**  
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.  
TEL. 16.

**BLUE BIRD.**  
CONFECTIONERS & CATERERS.  
ICE CREAM PARLOUR.  
  
**HOT and COLD DRINKS.**  
ALSO DEALERS IN  
Ginballs and Orange Blossom  
American Chocolates.  
Assorted Fancy Cakes.  
Old Post Office Building,  
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**THE HONGKONG HOTEL**  
AND  
**GRILL ROOM**  
J. H. TAGGART  
MANAGER  
**THE PEAK HOTEL.**  
1,500 Feet above Sea Level.  
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.  
Under the Management of—  
**Mrs. BLAIR.**

**CARLTON HOTEL.**  
(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)  
ICE HOUSE STREET.  
Under American Management.  
Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes' walk from the Banks and Central District. 42 Bedrooms. Excellent Cuisine. Scrupulously Clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietress.  
Launches Meet Passenger Boats.  
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON."  
MRS. F. E. CAMERON.

**BUSINESS NOTICES.**  
  
**TAIKOO DOCKYARD.**  
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION  
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—  
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—  
AGENTS:  
—TELEGRAPHIC ADD.— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE  
—TELEPHONE NO. 512—

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.**  
**PORTLAND CEMENT**  
In Casks of 375 lbs. net.  
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**  
GENERAL MANAGERS

**FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN.**  
4% - - U.S. \$6,000,000,000.  
Closes in America 19th October.  
Applications will be received by THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION up to 15th October on the following terms:—  
10% on application  
20% " 2nd November.  
20% " 19th December.  
20% " 16th January.  
30% " 30th January.  
and loans will be granted against this security to enable purchasers to pay in instalments covering longer periods.  
Particulars and forms on application.

**JUST ARRIVED**  
**LATEST**  
**ENGLISH and AMERICAN**  
**BOOTS & SHOES**  
IN  
**BROWN and BLACK**  
FOR  
**LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.**  
Also New Shipment of  
**Trunks and Suit Cases.**  
**PRICES MODERATE.**  
**YEE SANG FAT CO.,**  
Tel. 1355. 34 Queen's Road Central.

**THE WAR.**  
**CENTRAL POWERS & TURKEY**  
ASK FOR  
**AN ARMISTICE.**  
We are courteously informed that a private wire received this morning from Shanghai states that the French wireless station (which is now in direct communication with France) has received a message announcing that Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey have asked the Entente Powers for an armistice.  
(Reader's Service to the China Mail.)  
COPENHAGEN, Oct. 6.  
The German Chancellor has announced in the Reichstag that he sent a Note to President Wilson, through the Swiss Government on Friday night, requesting President Wilson to take up the question of bringing about Peace and to communicate on the subject with the other belligerents.

**SPEECH BY NEW GERMAN CHANCELLOR.**  
**DEMOCRATISATION OF THE GOVERNMENT.**  
**UNCONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE OF REICHSTAG PEACE RESOLUTION.**  
**PEACE WITH HONOUR WANTED.**  
COPENHAGEN, Oct. 6.  
The new Chancellor, Prince Max of Baden, speaking in the Reichstag on the 5th inst., said that by the Imperial decree of September 30th the Empire's political leadership had undergone fundamental alteration. In accordance with the methods of Government he now introduced, and submitted to the Reichstag publicly and without delay the principles on which he proposed to conduct his gravely responsible office. These principles had been firmly established in agreement with the federated governments and the leaders of the Majority parties in the Reichstag before he decided to assume the Chancellorship. Hence they contained not merely his confession of political faith but that of the overwhelming portion of the German nation. Only the knowledge that the majority of the people supported him gave him strength to undertake the conduct of the Empire's affairs in the present hard and earnest times. One man's shoulders were too weak to carry alone the present tremendous responsibility of Government. Only if the people actively participated through their freely elected political leaders in deciding their destinies, could a statesman confidently resume his part of the responsibility. His resolve to do this was lightened by the fact that the Labour leaders had reached the highest offices in the Empire in the new Government. This offered a sure guarantee that the new Government was supported by the broad masses of the people. The programme of the Majority parties on which he took his stand contained the acceptance of the former Imperial Government's answer to the Pope's Note of August 1, 1917, and also the unconditional acceptance of the Reichstag's Resolution of July 19, 1918. It further declares its willingness to join a League of Nations based on equal rights for all, both strong and weak; it considers the solution of the Belgian Question to lie in the complete rehabilitation of Belgium, particularly her independence and territorial integrity. An effort shall also be made to reach an understanding in the question of indemnity. The programme will not permit peace treaties hitherto concluded to be a hindrance for the conclusion of a general peace. Its particular aim is that popular representative bodies shall be formed immediately on a broad basis in the Baltic Provinces, Lithuania, and Poland. As a preliminary to civilian rule would be introduced immediately in those hands, which would regulate their constitution and their relations with their neighbours without outside interference. As regards German domestic policy, the manner in which he formed the Government showed that he had taken a clear and firm stand. In making the selections he had laid the greatest weight on the fact that the members of the new Government stood on the basis of a just peace, regardless of the situation, and that they openly declared this to be their standpoint at the height of Germany's military successes.  
[Portion of message missing.]  
This development had necessitated the alteration of the constitution in accordance with the Imperial decree of September 30th to enable the members of the Reichstag entering the Government to retain their seats in the Reichstag. A Bill to this effect would be submitted to the Federal States for immediate decision.  
The Chancellor recalled the speech of the Kaiser on August 4th, 1914: "There are parties, but they are all German parties." (Cheers.) He said the political development of Prussia must proceed in the spirit of these words, and the King of Prussia's promise for a democratic franchise must be fulfilled quickly and completely. (Cheers.) He had no doubt that those Federal States lagging behind in constitutional development would resolutely follow Prussia's example. (Cheers.)  
[Portion of message missing.]  
The German people after four years of the bloodiest struggle against numerically superior enemies, were still confident of their strength and were resolved to endure heavier sacrifices. A continuous, terrible and murderous battle had been raging for months in the West. Thanks to the incomparable heroism of our Army, our front is unbroken. Just because we are inspired by this confidence in the future it is our duty to make certain that the bloody struggle is not protracted for a single day, beyond the moment when an end of the war seems possible to us which does not affect our honour."  
**PRINCE MAX'S MESSAGE TO COUNT BURIAN.**  
**THE YEARNING FOR PEACE.**  
AMSTERDAM, Oct. 6.  
A message from Vienna says the Chancellor has telegraphed to Count Burian:  
"The glorious deeds of our Armies, the determination of the peoples themselves, and the joyful co-operation of our Governments will with God's help lead to a honourable peace."  
Count Burian has replied that his thoughts and efforts are in complete co-operation with the German Government and directed to bringing the blessings of an honourable and just peace as soon as possible.  
(Continued on Page 2.)

## INTIMATIONS

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are reminded of the EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company to be held on **TUESDAY, the 8th day of October, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon**, at the Office of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, LIMITED, No. 6, Pedder Street, Hongkong, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit confirming as a Special Resolution the Resolution set out underneath which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 19th day of September, 1918.

"That the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be and the same are hereby approved and that such regulations be and they are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles thereof."

Dated the 20th day of Sept., 1918.  
By Order of the Directors,  
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.  
General Managers.

## HONGKONG FOOTBALL CLUB.

THE 31st ANNUAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the Office of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., (top floor) by kind permission on **TUESDAY, 8th October, 1918, at 5.30 p.m.**

W. J. MORRISON,  
Hon. Secretary.  
Hongkong, Oct. 5, 1918.

## DOCTOR WANTED FOR BRITISH OUTPOST.

A Fully qualified Chinese or Asiatic MEDICAL OFFICER to take charge of well equipped Private HOSPITAL under British Management. Furnished quarters provided. Healthy locality, light duties.  
Apply stating qualifications to  
Box No. 3601.  
C/o "CHINA MAIL" Office.  
Hongkong, Oct. 5, 1918.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

**JUNKET**  
Cannot be excelled with tinned or fresh stewed fruit.  
**COULMISER CHEESE.**  
**COTTAGE CHEESE.**  
Nourishing and ideal food.  
**DEVONSHIRE CREAM**  
Can always be had.  
We supply Junket Tablets on application.

## KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Central Location.  
ALL Electric Trains Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Bath and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout.  
Best of Food and Service.  
TELEPHONE 373.  
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "VICTORIA."  
J. WITCHELL,  
Manager.

## VICTORIA CAFE LTD.

24, Des Voeux Road Central.  
Telephone No. 2667.  
We guarantee the quality of our Bread and Cakes.  
We use the highest grade of materials in their Manufacture.

## THE CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

HONGKONG BRANCH  
67 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
**GRADUATE OPTICIAN**  
The only OPTICAL HOUSE in Far East  
Awarded an Efficiency Diploma at  
Panama-Pacific International Exposition.  
SCIENTIFIC EYE EXAMINATION  
All sorts of  
Frames Lenses and Protection glasses.

## WAI KEE.

**FLAG & SAILMAKER.**  
No. 126, Des Voeux Road Central,  
Top Floor,  
HONGKONG.  
Telephone No. 1833.

## THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

**THERAPION NO. 1**  
**THERAPION NO. 2**  
**THERAPION NO. 3**  
No. 1 for Rheumatism, No. 2 for Gout, No. 3 for Gravel, No. 4 for Dropsy, No. 5 for Stomach and Liver Disorders, No. 6 for Nerve and Brain Disorders, No. 7 for Skin Disorders, No. 8 for Women's Disorders, No. 9 for Children's Disorders, No. 10 for General Purposes.  
Sole Agents: THE CHINA MAIL, Ltd., 111, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

## THE WAR.

(Continued from Page 5.)

## SUNDAY'S TELEGRAMS

## THE BRITISH FRONT.

## AN ATTACK ON 3-MILE FRONT.

## SUCCESSFUL AT ALL POINTS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.  
12.15 a.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig states:—  
At dawn the British Infantry and Tanks attacked on an eight-mile front from Sequehart to the Canal, north of Bony. The attack was successful at all points.

On the right of the attack, the English and Scottish troops of the 32nd Division retook Sequehart, taking prisoners, and later beat off a counter-attack with enemy loss.

In the centre, the English stormed Faucourt, and Wancourt, taking several hundreds of prisoners, while the Second Australian Division broke through the Fosseme-Beaurevoir line west and south-west of Beaurevoir.

Pushing forward, the troops of these two Divisions, accompanied by Tanks, reached the western outskirts of Mont Behain and secured high ground south and south-west of Beaurevoir.

On the left of the attack, the English and Irish forced passages across the Scheldt Canal at Gory and Le Catelet, capturing both the villages and the high ground on the east.

## 4,000 PRISONERS TAKEN NEAR ST. QUENTIN.

LONDON, Oct. 4.  
12.55 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig states:—

At the conclusion of yesterday's fighting we held the high ground a mile to the north-east of Sequehart, and had successfully beaten off counter-attacks at Gory, Le Catelet and Sequehart.

We took over 4,000 prisoners during yesterday's operations, north of St. Quentin.

At night local fighting to our advantage occurred south-west of Beaurevoir and in the southern outskirts of Cambrai.

## PROGRESS NORTH OF THE SCARPE.

We slightly advanced our posts north-east of Epigny and repulsed a hostile attack on a post south of Bache-St. Vast.

North of the Scarpe we made progress between Oppy and Maricourt.

More to the north our advanced troops reached the railway east of Lens and a general line as follows:—Yendin-le-Viel-Wigles-Berlaing-Fournes-en-Weppes-Honplines.

## THE FRENCH FRONT.

## SUCCESSFUL OPERATION IN CHAMPAGNE.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A French communiqué states:—  
We advanced at night east of Les Dînes, in the region of St. Quentin.

North-west of Rheims minor operations enabled us to widen our bridge heads east of the Canal, and improve our positions in the region of Betheny. We took 100 prisoners.

In the Champagne the French and American troops extended their gains north-west of Mont Blanc and Medeah Farm.

## VIOLENT FIGHTING IN ST. QUENTIN REGION.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A French communiqué states:—  
In the region of St. Quentin violent fighting occurred in the Hindenburg positions between Les Dînes and Sequehart where the enemy very strongly resisted.

Further south, we gained a footing on the railway east of St. Quentin, and made progress in the fighting east of St. Quentin, taking 100 prisoners.

North-west of Rheims we carried Comicy and reached the Canal between Concremery and Lanerville.

The battle in the Champagne continues with sustained violence. We enlarged our gains in the region north of Somme.

Our troops, breaking down the resistance of the enemy, carried the crest of Mont Blanc and Medeah Farm. The prisoners already counted today number 2,800.

## FILTRATION BY THE FRENCH IN CHAMPAGNE.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters, telegraphing yesterday, states:—

The Germans, as elsewhere, are putting up a great resistance against General Gouraud's advances in the Champagne, fighting every yard of the ground. They were only beaten by the superior initiative of the French.

There were no French assaulting waves after the first day. The French advanced in groups, commanded by a Lieutenant or a non-commissioned officer, thus "filtering" through ravines and capturing posts. When a score of such tiny operations are successful, a local advance is undertaken and the aim of a number of such advances enables a general advance of the whole line.

## DO YOU LIKE A LARGE CIGARETTE?

IF SO,

## "COMMANDER"

CIGARETTES WILL JUST  
SUIT YOU.

GREAT CARE HAS BEEN TAKEN

IN THE BLENDING AND MANU-

FACTURE OF THIS BRAND TO

ENSURE ITS BEING ACCEPTABLE

TO THE SMOKER OF THE MOST

DELICATE TASTE.



MANUFACTURED  
BY THE



This advertisement is issued by Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd.

## BATTLE LINES IN ST. MIHIEL SECTOR RECOIL.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at American Headquarters, telegraphing yesterday, states:—

The two battle lines in the St. Mihiel sector have recoiled one from the other, leaving a wide outpost line between, but French shells threaten the enemy's communications between Grandpre and Vouziers.

Therefore a withdrawal is likely behind what is believed to be the "Kriemhilde" line, running from the Mense north of Brielle, towards the south, through Bois-de-Vallou, then towards the west, south of Romagne and north of Gesnes, to the ridge north and west of Exermont and across the Aireto Chatelchehem Bluff.

There is also an alternative line, apparently designed to meet the possibility of the other being turned by our advance in the Grandpre gorge. On our right the enemy is still bringing up reinforcements.

## FRENCH AVIATORS BOMB ENEMY TROOPS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A French aviation communiqué states:—  
The unfavourable weather on the 2nd made observation of enemy movements very difficult.

Twenty-six tons of bombs and thousands of cartridges were used to good effect.

Ten enemy aeroplanes were brought down.

Our bombing squadrons surprised, bombed and machine-gunned enemy concentrations in the rear.

## THE SITUATION REVIEWED.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

A Havas message says:—  
The great battle begun a week ago, with the French and Americans on either side of the Argonne Forest, is still raging with unabated fury. Between St. Quentin and Cambrai its intensity has not been surpassed in this war.

The enemy made another withdrawal on a wide front, north and south of Le Basses Canal.

It is not premature to hail the battle as a great victory.

The Germans are throwing wooden bridges over the Meuse.

French armies were victorious at three points in one day—General Debeney's forces passed through St. Quentin, across the Somme; General Berthelot's Army made a big gain north and west of Rheims; General Gouraud advanced in the direction of Vouziers.

The Germans retreated from the Alsace region.

In view of the full retreat of the Germans on a wide front on the west of Lille, the evacuation and liberation of this region may be expected.

## ENEMY WITHDRAWAL IN LENS-ARMENTIERES SECTOR.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

There has been local fighting, in which we progressed in the neighbourhood of Beaurevoir, north of Gory and south of Cambrai.

The enemy's withdrawal continues in the Lens-Armentieres sector.

Our advanced troops reached Warrin and Erpinghem.

## FRENCH AND BELGIANS PROGRESSING TOWARDS ROULERS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A Belgian communiqué states:—

The French and Belgians today slightly progressed towards Hooghele and Roulers.

## PROBABLE ABANDONMENT OF FLANDERS COAST.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Agency learns from authoritative Naval sources that there is every indication that the Germans will soon abandon the whole of the Flanders coast. It is known that the Germans are already removing guns.

There have been three heavy bombardments of the Flanders coast during the past few days.

## GERMANS REMOVING GUNS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Agency learns from authoritative Naval sources that there is every indication that the Germans will soon abandon the whole of the Flanders coast. It is known that the Germans are already removing guns.

There have been three heavy bombardments of the Flanders coast during the past few days.

## THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH ON KEEL BLOCKS	ENTRANCE BREADTH	DEPTH OVER MILL AT LOW TIDE	DEPTH OVER MILL AT SPRING TIDE	RISE OF TIDE
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	700	100	10	12	2
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 4 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 5 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 6 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 7 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 8 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 9 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2
No. 10 Dock, Kowloon	250	50	10	12	2

OF ALL CHEMISTS  
F. M. DYER, R. S. W. L. A. Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

## INTIMATIONS

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## WATCHMAKERS &amp; JEWELLERS.

## Hotel Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,  
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
RENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,  
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,  
High Class English Jewellery.

## MACARONI, PASTE STARS, EGG NOODLES, VERMICELLI, AND ALL KINDS OF SOUP STUFFS.

ALL our Pastes bear the "Rooster" label and are made from Flour of the Best Quality containing a large percentage of Gluten. Starch and Gluten are the principal components of Flour. Gluten is easier to digest and contains more nutriment than Starch. Manufactured under the most sanitary conditions.

Large quantities have been exported to various important cities in the World. Terms moderate, especially for Agencies. Orders executed promptly.

THE HING WAH PASTE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.  
Head Office: No. 47 and 48, Connaught Road, Central, Hongkong; Telephone 1237.  
Principal Factory: No. 71, North Soochow Road, Shanghai, China; Telephone 3363.  
Branch Factory: Wing Hing Street, Causeway Bay, Hongkong.  
Cable Address: "HINGWAH."



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Most up-to-date and Cheapest House in Hongkong  
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## SODA MERCHANTS, IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF

Caustic Soda, Soda Ash, Muriate of Ammonia, Silicate of Soda, Refined Bicarbonate of Soda, Mineral Water, and Soda Crystal, Bleaching Powder, Sulphur Acid, Sulphate of Ammonia, etc., etc.

## ALWAYS IN STOCK.

No. 32, DES VOEUX ROAD WEST, HONGKONG.

## E. HING &amp; CO.

## LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS

viz. Steel Ship Plates, Angles and Bars.

Also Shipchandlery Articles.

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## Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers  
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Telegraphic Address  
"MILITON" HONGKONG.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

#### TUESDAY,

the 8th October, 1918, at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

115 Bore Hammer GUN by Wilkinson. London, in good condition.

Also  
ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA (35 Volumes) with case.

Terms—Cash.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Oct. 3, 1918.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

#### TUESDAY,

the 8th Oct., 1918, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

Bedsprings, Pillow Cases, Tray Cloths, Table Covers, Table Centres, Dressing Table Covers, Single and Double Plain and Beaded Sheets, White Satin Quilts, Pile Lian Damask Serviettes, Bath Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass Cloths, etc., etc.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).  
Terms—Cash.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Oct. 3, 1918.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

#### TUESDAY,

the 8th Oct., 1918, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, BRASS MOUNTED AND TEAKWOOD TWIN BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, etc., etc., AND AN ASSORTMENT OF USEFUL HOUSEHOLD "GOODS."

As follows:—  
Chesterfield Sofas and Arm-chairs (new), Folding Card Tables, Upholstered Suites, etc., Bedroom Furniture, comprising Brass Twin Bedsteads, Teak Twin Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Sundry Electro-Plated Ware.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood Furniture, including large Blackwood Screen, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, etc., Engravings, Pictures, Kinkor and Brass Vases, etc., Tennis Rackets and Net, several Carpets new and second-hand.

Also  
One Portable 3½ H.P. Caille Motors, Typewriters, Pianos, etc.  
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).  
Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Oct. 2, 1918.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned),

#### SATURDAY,

the 12th October, 1918, at 11 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street.

A QUANTITY OF DRESS MATERIAL, etc., etc.

Also  
Blue and White Serge, Alpaca (various colours), Flannel and Flannel, an assortment of Coloured Prints, White Blankets, Counterpanes, Handkerchiefs, etc., Toilet Soap, Perfumery, etc., etc.

Sundry Lots of LINEN GOODS.  
Terms—Cash.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Oct. 4, 1918.

## TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 2.)

### INTERESTING STRATEGIC SITUATION.

#### FAR-REACHING RESULTS ANTICIPATED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing this afternoon, says:—  
With our line still creeping westwards beyond Lens, Arras, and the whole of the Beaurevoir system, reported to be in our hands, it may be said that yesterday was a good day.

A distinguished officer, fresh from the thick of the fighting, said:—  
"We have the Germans pressed and cooked."

The trend of the fighting has swung nearly due north and the strategic effect of yesterday's battle may possibly have far-reaching results.

Our patrols pushed out beyond the Beaurevoir line along the whole length of the new front.

There has been much heavy counter-attacking on the Cambrai-St. Quentin front during the night. We were driven out but re-captured the fortified positions of Beaurevoir Mill and La Motte Farm.

The fighting is very severe around Sequehart. We are maintaining all our gains. Tanks assisted the infantry most effectively.

Down to last evening over 4,000 prisoners had been counted in the Fourth Army zone. Prisoners are still coming in.

### AMERICAN FRONT.

#### STUBBORN FIGHTING ON THE MEUSE.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

More positions captured.

An American communiqué states:—  
This morning we resumed our attack west of the Meuse and overcame stubborn resistance. We advanced our lines from 2½ to 5 kilometres and carried Hill 240, north of Exermont, and took the villages of Gesmes, Fleville, Chéhery and La Forge.

Despite heavy artillery and machine-gun fire we forced the enemy back to the "Kriemhilde" positions, south of Poisse-à-Foret.

DASTARDLY TEUTONIC TRICKERY.

HOW THE AMERICANS WERE BLUFFED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at American Headquarters states:—  
When the American troops were approaching Abri-de-St. Louis, a hundred Germans ran out with their hands up. The Americans ceased fire and allowed the Germans to approach. When the Germans arrived within bombing range they plunged their hands into their pockets and bombed the Americans, killing and wounding many. More Americans with flamethrowers came up, surrounded Abri and poured in gas and flame till not even a rat could have survived.

VALUABLE SERVICES RENDERED BY AIRMEN.

MACHINE-GUNS SUPPLIED WITH BOMBS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, states:—  
Intense air activity was maintained on all possible occasions on the battle-front of our counter-attack.

Our patrols successfully forestalled the enemy's intentions by warning our Headquarters.

Our advancing infantry were screened by smoke curtains, caused by smoke bombs dropped from the air, while our forward machine-guns were supplied with ammunition, dropped by our airmen.

Our fighting squadrons kept the air free of hostile machines, enabling this work to be successfully carried out.

We destroyed 27 hostile machines and drove down five out of control. Twelve British machines are missing.

We dropped 20 tons of bombs during the day and 80 tons at night. Considerable damage was done to junctions and communications.

HONOUR FOR GENERALS GUILLAUMAT AND DESPERY.

PARIS, Oct. 4.

The Military Medal has been awarded to General Guillaumat and General Franchet Desperay.

General Moirer has been appointed Military Governor of Paris in succession to General Guillaumat, who has been assigned other duties.

### REPRISALS FOR GERMANY'S CRIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 4.

The Parliamentary group of representatives of the invaded districts has passed a resolution that the Government should approach the Governments of the Entente with a view to inflicting on Germany that reprisals will be exacted for all crimes and destruction in Allied countries.

#### A GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

10.40 p.m.  
A wireless German official report states:—

The enemy captured Le Catelet and advanced as far as Beaurevoir and Mont Brehin and penetrated Sequehart.

We drove back the enemy on both sides of Le Catelet beyond his starting positions and re-captured Beaurevoir and Mont Brehin.

Sequehart remains in the enemy's hands.

Small French posts remain in the Weissenburg and Medeah heights, near Somme.

We have re-captured Challerange.

AIR-RAIDS INTO GERMANY.

INTREPID BRITISH AVIATORS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Press Bureau states:—  
An independent force on the night of the 3rd bombed the railways at Metzablon and the aerodromes at Morhange and Frescaty.

Observation was difficult, but a fire and explosion were observed at Frescaty.

All our machines returned.

GERMANS BOMB CLEARING HOSPITAL.

SIXTY KILLED AND EQUAL NUMBER INJURED.

PARIS, Oct. 4.

German aeroplanes twice bombed Chalon-sur-Marne on the night of the 1st.

A score of bombs were dropped. Several fell on a clearing hospital.

Sixty of the sick were killed and an equal number injured.

ITALIAN ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

CONTINUES ON WHOLE FRONT.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

An Italian official report states:—  
In Albania we continued to advance on the whole front between the Sea and the Tomorin mountains on Thursday.

One column crossed the Semeni and advanced across the plain of Mazukja on Ljuna, an important supply centre.

The other columns from Berat advanced in the direction of El Bussan.

THE ITALIAN FRONT.

GOOD WORK BY WARWICKSHIRES.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A British Italian official report states:—  
The Warwickshires successfully raided trenches facing Asiago, taking 142 prisoners. Our casualties were 12.

ALLIED ATTACK ON DURAZZO.

BASE AND AUSTRIAN SHIPS COMPLETELY DESTROYED.

ROME, Oct. 4.

In the Chamber, Signor Orlando announced that Italian warships and British cruisers appeared at Durazzo at noon on October 2nd, and effectively protected by Italian and allied torpedo boats and American submarine chasers, succeeded in passing the mine-fields and slugging submarine attacks. They approached close to the harbour works, and then fiercely bombarded the harbour works until they had completed the destruction of the base as well as the Austrian ships moored there. (Loud and prolonged applause.)

Despite the enemy's fire the Allied ships audaciously dashed to the attack and fired torpedoes against an Austrian torpedo-boat and a steamer, but they did not molest a hospital-ship. (Applause.)

British and Italian airmen co-operated in the work of destruction, while other Italian and Allied naval forces took up battle stations against any enemy ships that might emerge to aid Durazzo. The Allied naval forces waited in vain.

The Allied units suffered no loss or damage, except slight damage by a torpedo to a British cruiser which, however, continued to participate in the fight and afterwards returned to the base under her own steam. (Loud and long applause.)

THE AUSTRIAN VERSION.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A wireless Austrian official report states:—  
About thirty units of enemy naval forces and numerous airmen on the 2nd bombarded the town and harbour of Durazzo for two hours. The material damage is not important.

The enemy's attempt to penetrate the harbour with torpedo-boats and gliding boats failed. One enemy gliding boat was sunk.

### TWO ENEMY SUBMARINES DESTROYED BY AMERICANS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

An Italian naval communiqué states:—  
American submarine chasers, while protecting the larger vessels which bombarded Durazzo on the 2nd, destroyed two enemy submarines.

### AUSTRIA'S DESIRE FOR PEACE.

#### BELLIGERENTS INVITED TO NEGOTIATIONS.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

A message from Vienna to the Berliner Tageblatt states it is authentically reported that Austria-Hungary has requested Holland to invite the belligerents to negotiations, and Holland has already despatched invitations.

HUNGARIAN MINISTERS DISCUSS PEACE QUESTION.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

The Cologne Gazette states that Dr. Weckerle, Count Tisza, Count Andrássy and Count Apponyi met at Vienna to discuss the peace question, in connection with which, on Count Burian's initiative, a new and decisive step may be taken to-day.

Subsequently interviewed, Dr. Weckerle stated:—  
"We are again labouring in the interest of peace. We are already negotiating."

TURKEY AND PEACE.

GREATLY INCENSED AT GERMANY.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Agency is reliably informed that the Turco-German relations are more strained. The Turks are increasingly uneasy regarding the agreements supplementing the Brest-Litovsk Treaty and are greatly incensed at the Germans checking Turkish activities in the Caucasus.

As regards the possibility of a peace, Turkey does not wish to be again placed in her previous position relative to the Great Powers and is particularly anxious to have adequate guarantees against an attack by Bulgaria.

TURKISH MINISTER RESIGNS.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

A telegram from Constantinople states that the Turkish Minister of the Interior has resigned.

AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES IN SOUTHERN SERBIA.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

A French Eastern communiqué states:—  
Allied troops on the 8th came in contact with Austro-German forces in southern Serbia south of Vrnja.

The Serbians on September 30th carried Prety on the Elbasan Road, west of Lake Ochrida, taking 100 prisoners.

Large booty, including a heavy Naval gun, was captured.

A GERMAN GRAND COUNCIL.

NEW GERMAN LINE FROM ANTWERP TO ADRIATIC.

SIEGFRIED LINE BREACHED.

CAN ENEMY RETREAT TO SHORTER FRONT WITHOUT DISASTER?

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Kaiser presided at a Grand Council in Berlin yesterday. That the deliberations dealt with the retreat from the West is evidenced from the inspired article in the German Press preparing the public for the evacuation of the Belgian Coast.

The Krone Zeitung says:—  
"Bulgarian treachery will have the most rapid consequences on the Oriental world, and may alter the whole world situation in favour of the Central Powers. Therefore, as the mortal spot for the Central Powers is the south-east of Europe, they must concentrate there. A new German line from Antwerp through Metz to the Adriatic must be prepared."

Experts in London point out, however, that the question being fought on the Western Front is whether the enemy can retreat to another strategic front on a shorter line, without supreme disaster.

His retreat between Lens and Arras is regarded as an indication of his desire to evacuate the Belgian Coast, but the Allies threaten both ends of the lateral railway from Lille to Metz, on which the supply for the German trenches chiefly depends.

The menace on Roulers endangers the German communications with the coast. The German "right" has the longest way to go in the event of a general retreat, hence the importance attached to both sides of the Cambrai-St. Quentin sector.

Where the Allies are hammering, a breach has already been made in the "Siegfried" system, and the Germans are fighting very desperately.

Any substantial quickening of the Allied advance here might mean disaster to a large part of the German Army in the West.

# OUR DAY

THURSDAY, 24th October, 1918.

## PROGRAMME

### MORNING

SALE OF ROSES—Lady May's Rose Fund.  
12.30 p.m. Auction of Special Roses at Cricket Club Ground.

### AFTERNOON

GYMKHANA and Side Shows at Happy Valley including "THE JOY WHEEL."

### EVENING

ENTERTAINMENT AT THE BOTANICAL GARDENS.  
Gates open 7.30 o'clock.

Grand display of JAPANESE FIREWORKS.

CHINESE CONJURERS.

RAFFLE of Dodge Motor Car at the Portuguese Stall.

Tickets NOW on Sale 1 cent to \$12.

RAFFLE for special prizes, tickets \$1 each.

RAFFLE for 1,500 prizes kindly presented by the Portuguese Community. Tickets 20 cents each.

REFRESHMENTS.

The Bands of the 18th Infantry and Hongkong Police Reserve will play throughout the evening.

At the THEATRE ROYAL at 9.15 p.m.

## "The Barton Mystery"

A Spooific Fantasy in four parts.

### COALITION MINISTRIES FOR AUSTRIA AND GERMANY.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

The Wiener Zeitung, commenting on the great impression caused in Austria by the Balkan events, states that the Ministers have become panic-stricken and, fearing the collapse of their political edifice, are now advocating conciliation with their political opponents.

Consequently, federalisation plans are again prominent. Mr. von Hussarek intends to form a Coalition Ministry and is prepared to carry out the necessary reforms.

The journal predicts that federalisation would force Austria-Hungary to leave the ranks of the belligerents and abandon the alliance with Germany, and so spell the ultimate dissolution of the Dual Monarchy.

The Mitteleuropäische has received a telegram from Budapest which states that the formation of a Coalition Ministry in Hungary is on foot, bringing Count Tisza, Count Apponyi and Count Andrássy into the present Cabinet, without portfolios.

Count Tisza has already approved the plan.

The Lower House meets on October 8th.

PRINCE MAX OF BADEN BECOMES CHANCELLOR.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A Berlin official statement confirms the fact that Prince Max of Baden has been appointed Chancellor.

Herr Scheidemann and Herr Groeber become Ministers without portfolios. Herr Groeber is of the Centre Party.

THE BULGARIAN CAPITULATION.

GRAVE SITUATION IN AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

A Havas message says:—  
"The situation is grave, but not critical," says the Austrian Premier.

The armistice concluded with Bulgaria undisputedly created a grave situation in the Dual Monarchy.

BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT UNANIMOUSLY SUPPORTED.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

A telegram from Sofia says that it is semi-officially emphasised that all parties in Bulgaria unanimously support the Government.

PALESTINE OPERATIONS.

7,000 TURKS TAKEN PRISONER AT DAMASCUS.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

A Havas message says:—  
Damascus has been won. Our troops were withdrawn after 7,000 prisoners had been taken.

GERMANS IN EAST AFRICA DEFEATED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A Portuguese East African communiqué states:—  
The Germans, turned by our forces, co-operating with the British, have been forced to cross the river Rovuma, abandoning great material.

Many prisoners have been taken. The enemy is retiring into the forests in the interior.

### GERMANY'S THREAT TO EXECUTE AMERICAN PRISONERS.

AMERICA THREATENS REPRISALS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.

Mr. Lansing has officially announced that America will make reprisals if Germany carries out her threat to execute American prisoners found in possession of a shot-gun.

ANOTHER SPANISH BOAT TORPEDOED.

SUNK WITHOUT WARNING.

MADRID, Oct. 4.

It is officially stated that the Spanish Government steamer Francoli was torpedoed 14 miles off Cape Palos.

The crew of the Francoli state that the submarine sank the Francoli by shell-fire without warning.

TSARITSA AND DAUGHTERS DISAPPEAR.

VANISH DURING TRANSPORT FROM EKATERINBURG.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

The Reichs Post's correspondent at Moscow says the Tsaritsa and her daughters, who after the execution of the Tsar, were to be taken from Ekaterinburg to a safe place by an armed escort, vanished during the transport.

Presumably the escort was bribed and the Imperial family are in hiding somewhere in the Urals. A search is being made.

"DAILY CHRONICLE" CHANGES HANDS.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Sir Henry Dalziel has purchased the United Newspapers, Limited, including the Daily Chronicle.

M.P. FOR ST. GEORGE'S.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Sir N. J. Moore has been returned unopposed for St. George's, Hanover Square.



## TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE GREAT BATTLE.  
THE BRITISH FRONT.

## SUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS NORTH OF ST. QUENTIN.

## ENEMY SETS FIRE TO DUAL.

London, Oct. 5, 10.50 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

Minor operations continued successfully north of St. Quentin.

The Australians and English, accompanied by Tanks, progressed in the neighbourhood of the village of Mont Brechain and Beaurevoir and in the spur northwest of Beaurevoir, taking a number of prisoners.

As a result of continued pressure on the whole front, the enemy is withdrawing from the high ground gained at La Tereire Plateau, in the bend of the Canal-de-Lescaut, between Le Catelet and Cresnes, where we are now east of the Canal on the whole front between Le Catelet and Cresnes, where we are driving in the enemy's rear.

We took possession of La Tereire and a section of the Hindenberg system in this neighbourhood.

The enemy has set fire to Douai.

## BRITISH CAPTURE HELN, MONT BRECHAIN AND BEAUREVOIR.

London, Oct. 6, 1.10 p.m.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

We have captured Heln, Mont Brechain and Beaurevoir, despite severe counter-attacks.

## BRITISH AIRMEN BRING DOWN 20 MACHINES.

London, Oct. 5.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, states:—

We dropped 21 tons of bombs during the day and 25 tons at night, our airmen attacking at night railway junctions in the rear of the enemy's battle-front, causing damage to the permanent way and the rolling stock.

We destroyed 14 aeroplanes and drove down six out of control.

Eight British machines are missing.

## THE FRENCH FRONT.

## GERMANS RETIRING TOWARDS THE SUIPPE.

## FORMIDABLE POSITIONS ABANDONED.

London, Oct. 6, 2.40 a.m.

A French communiqué states:—

The French and American victorious attacks for several days on the Vesle and Champagne fronts compelled the enemy to make a general retirement towards the Suippe and the Arnes rivers, lastly abandoning his formidable positions, which he had fortified during the four years, and defended with undiminished desperation.

He is retreating on a front of 45 kilometres in the Rheims sector in force. Brionot Fort and the Moron Villiers massif are ours. The Nogent-la-Bresse massif is completely surrounded.

Our advance guards are keeping in close touch with the enemy rear-guards and have passed the line of Ornville-Bourgonne-Cerny-les-Rheims-Betheniville.

Further east we hold the whole course of the Arnes and have crossed the Suippe at Ornville, and the Arnes at several points.

## FRENCH AVIATORS CO-OPERATE IN FIGHTING.

## ENEMY TROOPS BOMBED.

London, Oct. 6.

A French aviation communiqué states:—

Notwithstanding low clouds and fog, our aviators closely observed enemy movements.

Four enemy aeroplanes were brought down and one balloon set on fire.

Enemy troops and convoys in the battle zone were bombed and machine-gunned. Twenty tons were thus employed. In addition 18 tons of bombs were dropped on the station at Ornville, despite a dense fog.

## FIGHTING IN CHAMPAGNE.

## IMPREGNABLE ENEMY DEFENCES BROKEN.

## THE DANGER TO GERMANY OF ANOTHER RETREAT.

London, Oct. 5.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters, telegraphing today, says:—

The Germans are falling back in Eastern Champagne on the line of the Arnes, which is a tributary of the Suippe.

The Americans reached this line at St. Epienne village, 4½ miles north of Sommepey.

General Gouraud's troops have now broken through in eight days two systems of the defences, the first of which was considered impregnable a year ago.

Meanwhile, it is noteworthy that the enemy has abandoned the theory of unbreakable lines, and now talks in official communiqués of "a glacis in France and Belgium," which is all he needs to hold for the defence of the Fatherland. The word "glacis" has an ominous connotation in German. It has already served before as an excuse for pillage and laying waste large tracts of popular country. There is every reason to fear that this is what is now meant.

However, it also means that the German High Command is preparing the public for another retreat. That retreat, however, will bring the fighting line uncomfortably near German homes.

## THE AMERICAN FRONT.

## FIGHTING ON THE MEUSE.

## HEAVY ENEMY LOSSES.

London, Oct. 6, 2.20 a.m.

An American communiqué states:—

Our attack on the Meuse continued, despite determined resistance by artillery and machine-guns from well-entrenched positions.

Strong hostile counter-attacks were repulsed with heavy enemy losses.

## GERMAN REPORT.

London, Oct. 6.

A wireless German official report states:—

Against the new lines east of Arras the enemy followed the Bois Grenier, Fournes, Wingles, and across the railway to the east of Lens.

The English captured Le Catelet. The French obtained a footing at Leslin and Morcourt.

We re-captured Leslin. We withdrew, unobserved, between Prunty and St. Marie Apy, eastward of Rheims.

## A FRENCH REVIEW OF THE GENERAL SITUATION.

## HINDENBURG LINE HAS CEASED TO COUNT.

Paris, Oct. 6.

A Havas message says:—

As a military factor the Hindenburg Line has ceased to count. The German retreat on a 17-mile front in the Arras sector has been hastened by the British. The enemy is now in danger of losing the Belgian Coast.

Lens has been cleared of the enemy and Arras has been occupied. In eastern Champagne General Gouraud is less than six miles from Vouziers junction. The base is of great importance as there are 25 lines of railways connecting the enemy with Germany.

The German staff wantonly set Cambrai on fire and wrecked St. Quentin. This was part of a long prepared plan. All peoples of the Entente claim retaliation.

The Austrian retreat in Albania followed Bulgaria's surrender. The enemy must make desperate efforts defend the Danube fronts suddenly created by the Allied victories.

The political and moral effect of the withdrawal of the front in Russia, which is beginning, will be immense. The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk becomes waste paper.

The new Chancellor of Germany, Prince Max of Baden, is a nephew of the Duke of Baden. He is the head of a new parliamentary government, according to the political comedy staged by the Emperor who has suddenly become an adherent to Democracy.

## AIR-RAIDS INTO GERMANY.

## METZSABLOON AGAIN BOMBED.

London, Oct. 6.

The Press Bureau states:—

An independent force on the morning of the 5th attacked the railways at Metzsabloon with good results, obtaining eleven direct hits on sidings and railway lines.

All our machines returned.

## TRIUMPH IN SIGHT.

Paris, Oct. 6.

In reply to addresses from Departmental Councils, M. Clemenceau, the French Prime Minister, writes:—

Triumph is in sight. —Havas.

## THE DEATH KNEEL OF THE CENTRAL ALLIANCE.

Paris, Oct. 6.

The Rt. Hon. W. H. Hughes, the Australian Premier, speaking at a farewell dinner, said:—

Bulgaria has sounded the death knell of the Central Alliance. —Havas.

## THE ALBANIAN BATTLE.

## AUSTRIANS COMPELLED TO RETIRE.

## ENEMY DRIVEN BEYOND DIBRA.

London, Oct. 6.

A French Eastern communiqué states:—

The Allies in Albania forced the Austrians to retire along the Elbasan road, beyond the confluence of the Skumbi and Luga rivers.

The enemy was also driven back beyond Dibra.

## GREAT UNREST IN VIENNA.

## ATTEMPT TO ALLAY AUSTRIAN FEARS.

London, Oct. 5.

The Vienna authorities have been compelled to issue a reassuring statement regarding the Balkans.

The statement says that the Central Powers have been able to make up the Bulgarian losses and that traffic on the Budapest-Sofia-Constantinople line continues.

Reuter's Agency learns that great unrest prevails in Vienna.

## THE ACCESSION OF PRINCE BORIS.

## GOVERNMENT BEGGED TO REMAIN IN OFFICE.

Basle, Oct. 6.

A message from Sofia, dated the 5th, states that the abdication of the Tsar Ferdinand and the accession of Prince Boris were announced by the Mayor in the morning. Subsequently there was a Te Deum in the cathedral.

The Patriarch and the clergy were received by Prince Boris in the presence of the Ministers, the Deputies and the diplomats.

Prince Boris returned to the Palace and was acclaimed en route.

The officers at Sofia took the oath in the afternoon.

The King begged the Government to remain in office.

## THE NETHERLANDS FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY.

## NEW DEPARTMENT TO TREAT WITH POST-WAR QUESTIONS.

The Hague, Oct. 6.

It is officially stated that a new department of the Foreign Office headed by M. Jonkh. Snouck Hurgronje, the Departmental Chief of the Foreign Office, assisted by an Advisory Council consisting of M. Colyn, M. Loder, M. Visschers, M. Heldring, M. Kroeller and M. Waller, has been established to unify the economic foreign policy and seriously prepare to deal with post-war economic questions.

The Department begins to work immediately with a view to the renewal shortly of economic negotiations with the belligerents.

## WIRELESS FROM WALES TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT.

Paris, Oct. 6.

Signor Marconi has achieved a great triumph in sending a wireless message direct to Australia from Carnarvon, a distance of over 12,000 miles. —Havas.

## THE ELDER-DUMPFISTER LINER.

London, Oct. 6.

It is reported at Liverpool that 85 per cent in the sinking of the Elder-Dumpfister liner Brity by a coal-

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## THE GREAT BATTLE.

## BELGIANS FIGHTING FIERCELY.

London, Oct. 4.

Reuter's Correspondent at British Headquarters, telegraphing this evening, states:—

How fiercely the Belgians are now fighting is shown by the fact that a German battery in action was captured by the use of knives and revolvers alone. The Belgians rushed the guns while they were being fired and killed the whole crew.

The armoured car which entered Roulers did great execution. Two occupants were killed and two wounded. Only one was left to bring it back.

According to prisoners, the German Fifty-Seventh and Fifty-Ninth Reserve Divisions have been withdrawn, being no longer capable of fighting. The moral of the German Guards Division is reported to be so reduced that some men run on the opening of attacks. Straggler pickets are posted in the rear to prevent this.

## SUCCESSFUL MINOR OPERATIONS BY BRITISH.

London, Oct. 5.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

In successful minor operations on Friday northward of St. Quentin, we substantially progressed south eastward of Beaurevoir and northward of Cony and Le Catelet, taking 800 prisoners.

We again slightly advanced our line at night north-westward of Le Catelet.

## A HAND BATTLE.

London, Oct. 5.

A French communiqué says:—

North of St. Quentin we have actively participated in a hand battle in the Hindenburg position and captured Chardonnay, south of Sequehart, and several fortified woods. Further south, we gained a footing at Les Dins and captured Morcourt. The enemy furiously and repeatedly counter-attacked, but all his efforts were shattered with heavy loss. We captured 400 prisoners and four heavy guns.

The French and Americans in Champagne gained an important advantage and completed yesterday's successes. On the left we pushed for over four kilometres north of the Aube River and eight kilometres north-west of Sommepey to the river Arnes, and captured the villages of Vandescourt and Dautin and Isomplet and Grand-Bellais woods, despite resistance. Further east, we reached the outskirts of St. Etienne-Arnes and gained a footing on the plateau of Orfeuil, capturing Orfeuil village.

We evacuated Chardonnay which neither side could hold, it being intensely shelled by both artilleries.

Favourable weather facilitated aviation on October 3. Nineteen enemy aeroplanes were felled and three balloons set on fire. Scouts pushed far beyond the enemy lines. Fifty-one tons of bombs and thousands of cartridges were fired in day-time at enemy reserves massed in view of counter-attack. At one sector aeroplanes again fed advanced troops. Five tons of food and cartridges were thus supplied. Twenty-nine tons of projectiles were dropped at night on enemy bivouacs and campments on a wide front.

## GENERAL GOURAUD'S ADVANCE.

London, Oct. 5.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters, telegraphing at ten o'clock yesterday evening, reports:—

The advance of General Gouraud's left wing yesterday was most important. It occupies a line outflanking the Moronvillers heights which is the main bastion of the German front in Champagne. The enemy's second main line of resistance is breached at Orfeuil and his whole front between Rheims and the Suippe endangered.

## VIGOROUS PRESSURE BY FRENCH.

London, Oct. 5.

A French communiqué reports:—

North of St. Quentin, fighting continued with undiminished violence.

We have thrown back the enemy, who is defending himself foot by foot, from the height situated 1,200 metres south-east of Chardonnay and the neighbouring woods.

North-west of Rheims we are again exercising vigorous pressure along the whole front of the Aisne Canal, which we crossed at several places, and advanced as far as the outskirts of Bernicourt.

The number of prisoners counted during the past five days exceeds 2,500. We have taken 31 guns, including 20 heavy guns, of which five are 210 mm.

Lively attacks by the French and Americans in Champagne and their advance yesterday in the direction of the Arnes, forced the enemy, who was threatened with having his left turned, to evacuate precipitately the eastern part of the mountain region.

Our troops in the western sector of the Suippe are on the heels of the enemy rear-guards and reached during the night the heights 800 kilometres south-east of Moronvillers.

South of Moronvillers we smashed up a counter-attack against Croix-de-Soudans, retaining all our gains. The Germans, who were heavily reinforced, are disputing the ground along the river Orfeuil-Moronvillers front with extreme obstinacy.

## DIFFICULT AMERICAN ADVANCE.

London, Oct. 5.

Reuter's Correspondent at American Headquarters shows that yesterday's American advance, which was well supported by gas, artillery and aeroplanes, met with the most determined resistance. Progress after the first objectives were reached was slow owing to the great artillery and machine-gun fire.

The advance was considerably held up before the pivotal position of Romagne.

## ENCOURAGING BELGIAN REPORT.

London, Oct. 5.

A Belgian communiqué, dated Oct. 4, says:—

The Anglo-Belgian-French attack of the 28th ult. conquered the whole of Flanders Ridge in forty-eight hours.

Local actions since, aimed at freeing the approaches to the Ridge, have resulted in an advance of 14 kilometres on a front of 40. They have completely freed Ypres and permitted occupation of the Lys river between Armentieres and Werocque.

Ten thousand five hundred prisoners, including 200 officers, have been counted, also 350 guns, 200 trench mortars and 600 machine-guns.

The British Navy and British airmen powerfully contributed to the victory.

## ENEMY'S CONTEMPLATED NEW LINE.

London, Oct. 5.

A Paris semi-official message concerning the enemy's retreat south of Lille, says it appears that he contemplates following the line of the La Deule Canal as far as Douai and the line of the Senece as far as the Scheldt.

German Headquarters have shown that they recognise the necessity of securing protection against the Tanks by establishing a line behind the waterways. The question is whether they will be able to maintain the new positions.

## ENEMY EVACUATING FLANDERS COAST.

London, Oct. 5.

Frontier Correspondents confirm that the evacuation of the coast of Flanders is proceeding. The Germans are hurriedly removing material, guns, provisions, etc., from numerous villages. They are also removing huge stores of provisions from Ghent to Germany.

Some reports state that the Bruges docks are in flames.

## MARSHAL FOCH'S BIRTHDAY.

## MR. LEYD GEORGE'S TRIBUTE.

London, Oct. 4.

Mr. Lloyd George, in birthday congratulations to Marshal Foch, said:—

"I do not know which I admire most, your wonderful genius of leadership or the undaunted courage and unshakable faith in victory you have displayed during the whole of the war."

Marshal Foch replied: "I do not forget that it is to your persistent confidence that I owe my present position. This trust and your nation's trust are a powerful support."

## GERMAN VANDALISM.

Paris, Oct. 5.

M. Ringier, Deputy for St. Quentin, who has visited the town, states that the Germans destroyed by fire and dynamite the spinning mills, lace factories and metal workshops.

The bombardment continues. A number of houses have been destroyed and furniture removed. All public monuments, fountains and statues are defaced. The cathedral was destroyed by the explosion of a munition dump, but the Town Hall and theatre are scarcely damaged.

A German officer who was ordered to completely destroy the town was taken prisoner at the moment he was about to do so.

## GERMANY MUST PAY.

Paris, Oct. 5.

M. Clemenceau, in the course of a letter referring to the bombing of the Chalon-sur-Marne hospitals, after mentioning some of Germany's various crimes, says:—

"In the fury of defeat she is destroying our cities, homes, sacred monuments, art and industry, even our trees. In fifty months she has contracted a crushing weight of debt. This debt she shall pay."

## FRENCH REPRISALS.

Paris, Oct. 5.

An official message states:—

Referring to the enemy's carrying out his threat to utterly devastate the occupied territory if forced to leave it, the French Government in a statement recapitulates the crimes of which the Germans have been guilty and solemnly warns the German Government and people that it will hold them responsible morally, judicially and financially. It adds that it is now communicating with the Allies on the subject.

The French Government further warns Austria that if it carries out the threat to put to death airmen dropping leaflets or even carrying them, the same penalties will be applied to double the number of Austrian officers.

## AN AID TO DIGESTION.

LONDON, Oct. 6.

When you have a fullness after eating you may know that you have eaten too much, and should take one of Chamberlain's Tablets to aid your digestion. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

## THE WAGER.



Optimist (excited after argument): I tell you what, my friend, this was bound to end next Spring.

The Cautious One: After the first six months I gave up guessing when the war would end.

Optimist: I'll betcha.

The Cautious One: Don't worry old man, I never bet.

Optimist: Look here, I'll bet you a War Bond ticket; half of that is a contribution to War Charities.

The Cautious One: Well, as far as such a good purpose, I don't mind breaking a principle, but we ought to put up the money between us for the ticket now for the War Bond Drawing will be over by the end of the year, the loser to pay the winner \$2.50 when the time comes. What date shall we play?

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY  
WAR BOND DRAWING  
31st December, 1918.  
TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL BANKS, HOTELS, CLUBS & STORES.FOR CARS on HIRE  
Experienced Chauffeurs and Expert Mechanics.A Large Number of New and Comfortable Cars Always in Readiness.  
Phone 977 & 2539MERCURY GARAGE CO.,  
59-61 Des Vaux Road Central.  
Arrangements for Special OccasionsTHE HERRING-HALL-MARVIN SAFE  
STANDS UNEQUALLED IN THE WORLD TO-DAY.  
ALL SIZES IN STOCK—PRICES ON APPLICATION  
MUSTARD & CO.,  
4, Des Vaux Road Central. Telephone 1168.  
AGENTS in HONGKONG, AMOY, SWATOW and CANTON:  
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.TO THE ARCHITECT AND TO THE ENGINEER  
"An ounce of demonstration is worth a pound of theory."  
W. DEMONSTRATE WITH  
"MALTHOID"  
and we invite the Profession and others interested not only to witness our demonstrations, but to bear witness that the results justify the claims made both as to material and methods of roof construction.  
Agents, BRADLEY & Co., Ltd.  
HONGKONG.HONGKONG THEATRE PROGRAMME  
TO-NIGHT! SCREENING TO-NIGHT!!  
THE SECRET KINGDOM  
11th and 12th Episodes  
with  
I-KO AND KEYSTONE COMICS.  
WEDNESDAY, 9th October—  
SEE OUR NEXT SERIAL  
WHO IS NUMBER ONE?  
1st, 2nd and 3rd Episodes  
PARAMOUNT SERIAL "COMETE" IN 15 EPISODES  
FEATURING KATHLEEN CLIFFORD.





## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 5.)

## THE ITALIAN FRONT.

## BRITISH ADVANCE.

London, Oct. 5.

An Italian official message says—The British broke into the lines at Ave on the Asiago Plateau and destroyed the defensive works and took 150 prisoners.

The enemy attacked northward of Grappa on Mount Solero, the front-head of the Stizzone Valley. He got a foothold in our post at Malgavalpe, suffering heavy losses.

Air activity was intense. We brought down four aeroplanes.

## ITALIANS ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

In Albania we passed Ljshat.

## ITALIAN SUCCESSES IN MACEDONIA.

In Macedonia the surrender of the Bulgarians facing our positions on the Monastir-Kicevo road began on Thursday.

One hundred and ninety-one officers, of whom two are brigades, commanders and four regimental commanders, and 7,218 of other ranks are already counted; also eight guns, 70 machine-guns and other material.

## THE PALESTINE OFFENSIVE.

## OVER 70,000 PRISONERS.

London, Oct. 5.

A Palestine official message states—The general situation is unchanged. Our cavalry northward and westward of Damascus is clearing the country.

We have taken over 15,000 prisoners. Since Sept. 18th, we have captured 71,000 prisoners and 350 guns. King Hussein's Arabs took an additional 3,000. Included in these figures are several Turkish commanders and 3,206 Austrians and Germans.

## THE GERMAN POLITICAL CRISIS.

## DR. SOEF APPOINTED FOREIGN SECRETARY.

Copenhagen, Oct. 5.

A Berlin official message reports that Dr. Soef has been appointed Foreign Secretary.

He continues as Minister for the Colonies during the war.

## VIEWS IN AMERICA.

Washington, Oct. 5.

The composition of the new German Cabinet is generally interpreted here as a desperate effort by the Prussian militarists to headwind the Entente and German people into a belief in the democratization of Germany. It is predicted that Germany is about to make a new peace proposal disguised under the most attractive democratic programme. It is pointed out, however, that as the Government is not responsible to the Reichstag and Herr Scheideemann and Herr Gumbel are without power and without portfolio, the Junkers are still in actual control.

## TRANSPORT OF AMERICAN TROOPS.

## STRIKING FIGURES.

London, Oct. 5.

Striking figures respecting the transport of American troops to Europe show that the total up to Sept. 30th was 1,760,000, of whom British ships carried approximately 1,000,000.

Seventy per cent. of the work of conveying was performed by the British Navy.

During Sept. 311,000 Americans, 3,000 Canadians and 4,000 American machine-guns were transported to Europe. Half of these Americans landed in France and the remainder in England. The largest single convey from the United States came in September. It numbered over 31,000.

The previous record was 29,000. The figures emphasize the enormous contribution America is making, the strength of the British Navy and the failure of the much vaunted U-Boat attacks to prevent the arrival of the American Army.

## GERMAN COAL FOR HOLLAND.

## PRICES RAISED.

Amsterdam, Oct. 2.

It is officially announced that the prices of coal, of which Germany agreed to supply Holland with 120,000 tons monthly for five months, has been raised by 45 guilders a ton, making the average pithead price 90 guilders per ton.

Holland also gives Germany credit of 30 guilders for every ton supplied.

## SUNSHINE AND COMMON SENSE.

DON'T doctor your blood for rheumatism. Use an external application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. In a few days it will get you up and on into the sunshine, then Nature will restore the red blood to your system and soon rid the system of this trouble some disease. For a supply all Chemists and Druggists.

## THE BULGARIAN SITUATION.

## FERDINAND'S ABDICATION REPORTED.

BASLE, Oct. 5.

A Vienna message dated 4th inst. says it is reported that King Ferdinand of Bulgaria abdicated yesterday in favour of Prince Boris, who has assumed power.

## THE REPORT CONFIRMED.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 5.

Vienna officially confirms the abdication of King Ferdinand and the succession of Prince Boris.

## A SERBIAN SUCCESS.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

A Serbian communiqué states—We repulsed Austro-German reinforcements on Oct. 4, and pursued them towards the old Serbian-Turkish frontier, taking 100 prisoners.

## THE AUSTRIAN PEACE NOTE.

## REPORTED BRITISH REPLY.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.

The *Reiniger Tagblat* publishes a message from Vienna which states that the British reply to Count Burian's Peace Note was received in Vienna on September 30th. It requests Austria to specify her peace proposals more precisely.

## A CLUMSY PEACE OFFENSIVE.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

Referring to assertions of the Vienna Correspondents of the *Berliner Tagblatt* and *Munster Nachrichten* that the British reply to Count Burian's peace note was received at Vienna on September 30th and requested Austria-Hungary to specify her proposals more precisely, the *Daily Telegraph* says the assertions are untrue. "We are in a position to state that Mr. Balfour's speech of Sept. 1st is the only reply which Britain has given to the Austrian Note." The *Daily Telegraph* describes the assertions as excellent examples of the clumsy peace offensive now in full blast, and adds that enquiries in diplomatic circles last evening failed to elicit any confirmation whatever of the assertion of the *Berliner Tagblatt*'s Vienna Correspondent that Holland at the instance of Austria-Hungary had despatched invitations to a peace conference.

## ANOTHER VIENNA REPORT DENIED.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 5.

The Foreign Office states that there is not a word of truth in the Vienna reports that Holland has invited the belligerents to negotiate.

## GERMAN PROPAGANDA.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 4.

The *Nieuws Zondag* announces the inauguration of a German Propaganda Ministry.

Apparently this is the sequel to widespread complaints in Germany against the efficiency of British propaganda.

## GERMAN CONTROL OF RUSSIAN WARSHIPS.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.

Berlin announces that the battleship *Volga*, with other units completed in war time, are now under German control protecting the Black Sea and the straits.

This step is taken in agreement with the Moscow Government.

## BRITISH STEAMER IN COLLISION.

## ELDER-DEMPTER LINER SUNK.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

A British steamer collided on Oct. 3rd with the steamer *Banda*, which sank immediately.

Forty-one survivors, including a lady, were landed.

## NEW COTTON COMBINATION.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The *Times* states that a new combination in the Egyptian spinning trade, involving over a million spindles, is being formed. Apparently a big London financial syndicate is concerned. It is understood that so far, a definite agreement for purchases of the whole controlling interest has been reached only in connection with four Lancashire firms, comprising 667,000 spindles.

## THE LONDON NEWSPAPER DEAL.

## SYNDICATE TO SUPPORT PREMIER.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

The *Saturday Review*, writing prior to the announcement of Sir Henry Dalglish's purchase of the United Newspapers, Ltd., said the *Daily Chronicle* had agreed to a syndicate formed to support Mr. Lloyd George.

The price is nearly a million sterling.

## THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Oct. 5.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Company's Silver Report states—The market continues good, with fair enquiry for manufacture. After recording to 5s. 3d. official China exchange, the market has been very active, and the price has risen from 1,342 to 2,150 lakhs in the last seven weeks.

## AUCTIONS.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction:

(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

on

SATURDAY,

the 12th Oct. 1918, at 12 o'clock Noon,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

1st House Street,

19 Cases PILSENER ALE,

13 Cases BEER SPLITS.

TERMS—Cash.

HUGHES &amp; HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 5, 1918. 807

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from Messrs. F. W. Smith &amp; Co., Chefoo, to sell by Public Auction,

on

SATURDAY,

the 10th October, 1918, commencing at

11 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of

1st House Street.

A large and valuable consignment of

TABLE LINEN, DRAWN THREAD

WORK, LADIES UNDERWEAR,

etc., etc.

These Articles are of exceptional value

equal to the best current work, being

made of high-class material with

exquisite modern designs in Richelieu

cut work and drawn thread embroideries.

Comprising—

Double Bedspreed of heavy Irish linen

with Richelieu style medallions, a large

quantity of beautifully embroidered Irish

linen Tea Cloths and Tea Serviettes,

Towel Cloths and Serviettes of the Mosaic

Work, only produced by this firm.

Exceptional quality Ladies' Underwear,

including exquisite designs in Silk,

Lawn and Long Cloth Night Dresses,

Chemises and Combinations of latest

patterns, also a fine assortment of

Fatticats, hand-embroidered,

fine voile and lawn Blouses, Collars, etc.

A quantity of best quality Shanlee

Silk (heavy pongee).

Coloured Crepe de Chine for dresses.

A quantity of superior quality Long-

cloth in 15 yds. lengths.

A quantity of fine Nainsook in 12 yds.

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lengths.

## WE HAVE RECEIVED NEW STOCKS OF

## ROSE COLD CREAM

## VANISHING COLD CREAM

Ideal Toilet Requisites.

Price 60 cts. per pot.

## LIQUID TAR SOAP

A Fragrant Preparation for Toilet use and for Shampooing.

Price \$2.00 per bottle.

## THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY,

32, Queen's Road Central.

Phone 298.

## DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS

CHANDLER

GRAYSON

AND

OVERLAND

MOTOR

CARS

SILENT

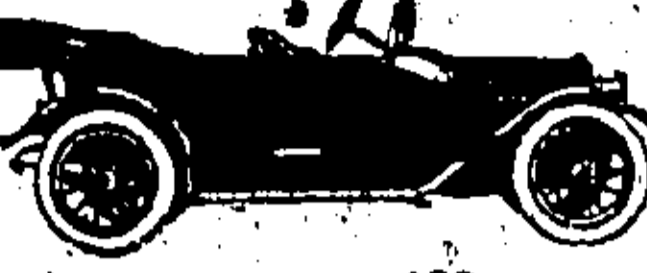
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DAVIDSON

MOTOR

CYCLES



TELEPHONE 482.

COME AND INSPECT

BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

## THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

## ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS AND IRON

FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have

over thirty years' experience. We own two Shipyards and can accommodate any craft

of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 458.

Shipyards: Sham-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 3.

Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

## REGAL RECORDS

BY

(BILLY WILLIAMS)

COMEDIAN.

6000 (When Father Papared the Parlour)

Don't go out with Him to-night.

6001 Wake up John Bull

I'll lend you my best Girl.

6002 (Where the Crowd goes)

Let's have a Song on the Gramo

phone.

6003 I never heard Father Laugh so

much

My Lass from Glasgow Town.

## THE ANDERSON MUSIC

CO., LTD.

Tel. 1332.

## PATELL &amp; CO.

ORIENTAL PRODUCE

EXPORTERS,

SILK MERCHANTS,

COMMISSION AGENTS.

Agencies in

NEW YORK,

SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.

Branches—

CANTON,

SHANGHAI,

YOKOHAMA,

BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE: KING'S BUILDING,

HONGKONG.

## JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER

CHERRY &amp; CO.,

PEDDER STREET,

Opposite Hongkong Hotel,

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914

## FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON

16, Morrison Hill Road.

F. G. O'NEILL, Director

Hongkong, Victoria Oct. 7, 1918

## MAIL NOTICE

HONGKONG, MONDAY, 7th OCTOBER, 1918.

## INWARD MAILS.

Europe via Negapatam, etc. ... .. Wednesday, 9th, Oct.  
Straits ... .. Saturday, 10th, Oct.

## OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS close 15 minutes  
earlier than the time given below unless otherwise  
stated.

FOR	DATE	TIME
Haiphong	Tuesday, 8th, 9.00 A.M.	
Shanghai and North China	Tuesday, 8th, 11.00 A.M.	
Java via Sourabaya	Tuesday, 8th, Noon.	
Hohow	Tuesday, 8th, 5.00 P.M.	
Swatow	Wednesday, 9th, 8.00 A.M.	
Shanghai, North China, Japan via Kobe and Honolulu	(Wednesday, 9th, Registration 8.45 A.M., Letters 10.30 A.M.)	
Shanghai and North China	Wednesday, 9th, 5.00 P.M.	
Fort Bayard, Hohow and Haiphong	Thursday, 10th, 9.00 A.M.	
Swatow	Thursday, 10th, 10.00 A.M.	
Formosa via Keelung, Japan via Mojit, Canada, United States, Central and South America and Europe via Vancouver	(Thursday 10th, Registration 8.45 A.M., Letters 10.30 A.M.)	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Thursday, 10th, Noon.	
Shanghai and North China	Thursday, 10th, Noon.	
Philippine Islands	Friday, 11th, 2.00 P.M.	
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung	Saturday, 12th, 9.00 A.M.	
Shanghai and North China	Saturday, 12th, 2.00 P.M.	
Tientsin	Tuesday, 15th, 11.00 A.M.	

\* Superscribed correspondence only.

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock  
on the previous evening.

## SHARE QUOTATIONS

## HONGKONG STOCK

## EXCHANGE.

HONGKONG, 7th OCTOBER, 1918.

## OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

11 A.M.

BANKS.

Hongkong Bank, \$40 1/2 b. 600 sa.

MARINE INSURANCES.

Canton Ins. ... .. \$250 n.

North China Ins. ... .. \$385 n.

Union Ins. ... .. \$190 n.

Yangtze Ins. ... .. \$125 n.

Far Easterns ... .. \$125 n.

FIRE INSURANCES.

China Fire Ins. ... .. \$140 b.

Hongkong Fire Ins. ... .. \$130 n.